

Localizing Software for Multi-cultural Environments

Transcript: <http://bit.ly/PN8Sgo>

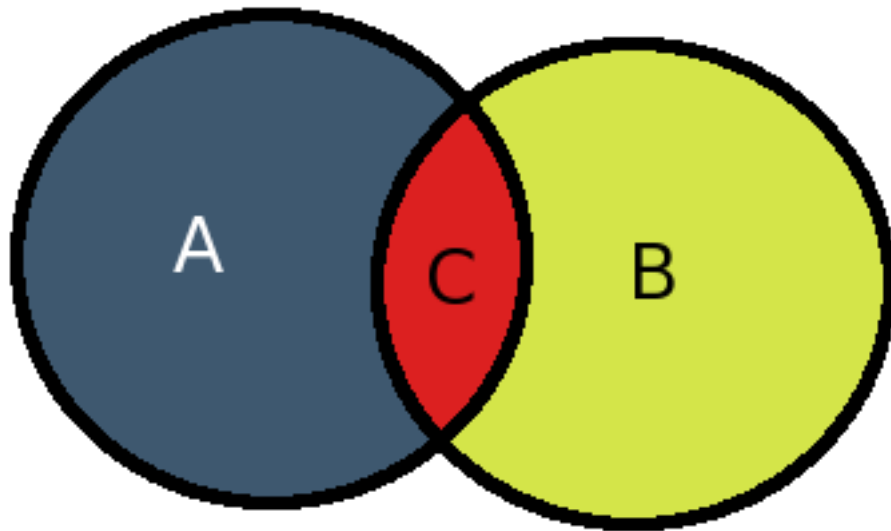
Akademy 2012, Tallinn

about me:

- Runa Bhattacharjee [runab@fedoraproject.org , IRC: arrbee]
- Live in Pune, India
- Work on various things related to Localization
- History with KDE – Bengali India translation and mentoring
- Leisure activity – “reverse engineering on the culinary front”



- Localization Can have Hidden Challenges
- + Known Experiences can solve them

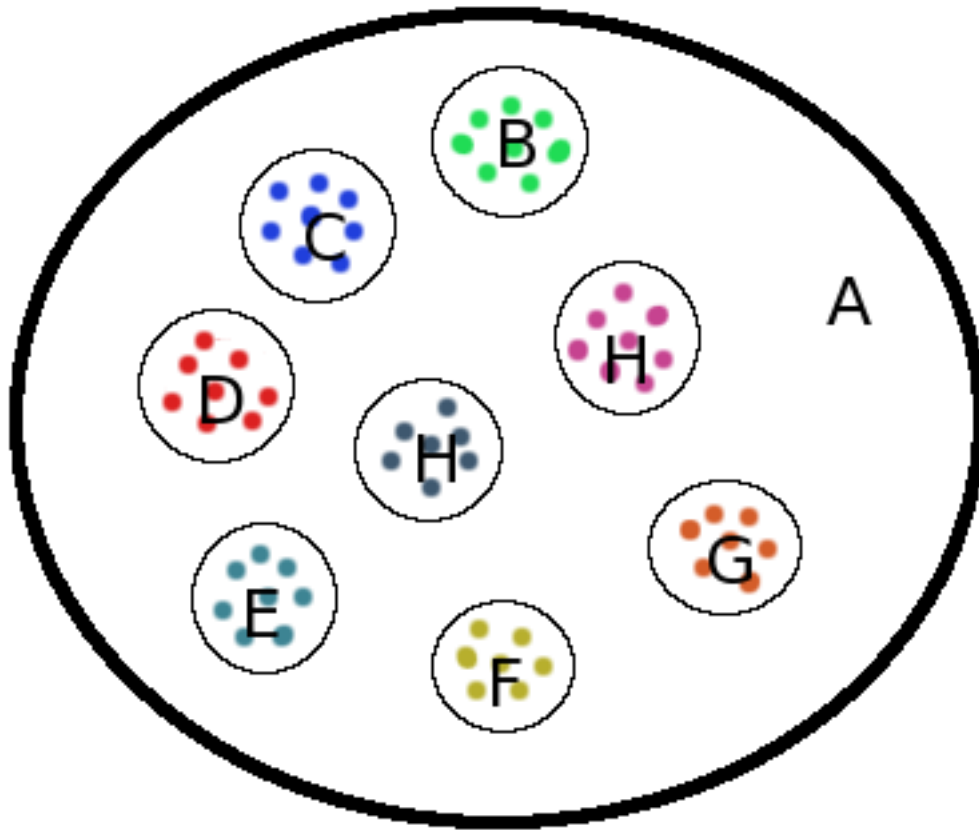


A = People comfortable in using new technology
B = People compelled to use new technology
C = Potential Survivors

We owe to the progress that we are imposing on our lives

About This Talk

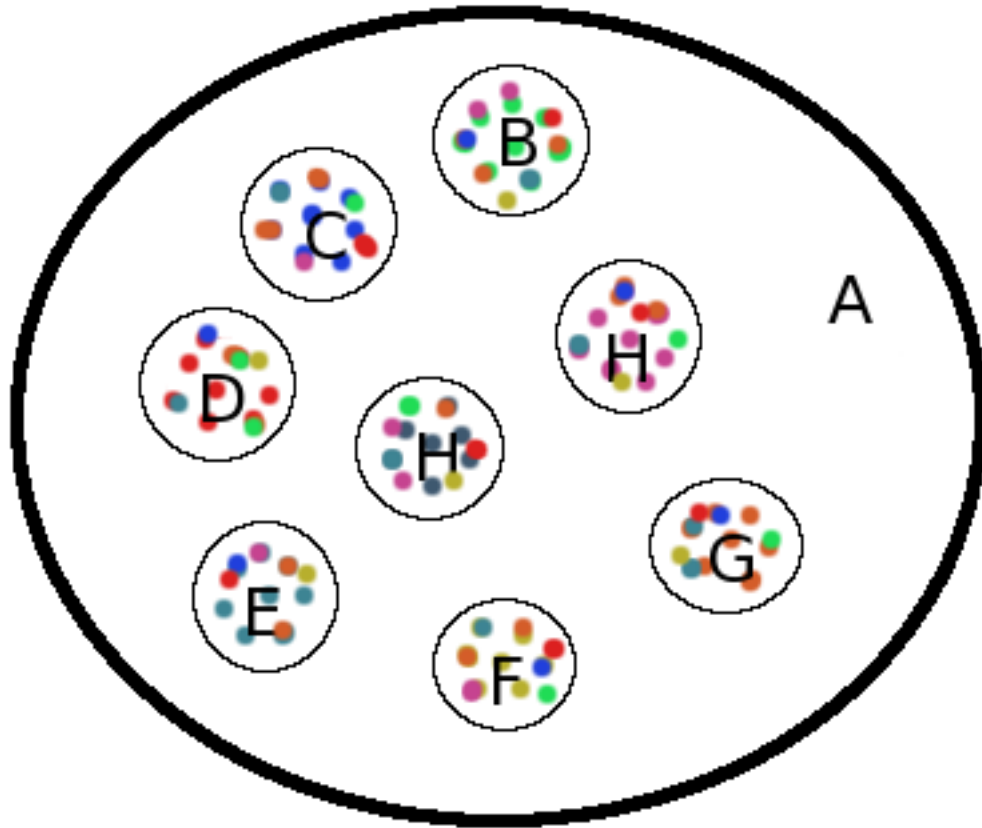
In Theory:



A = Country

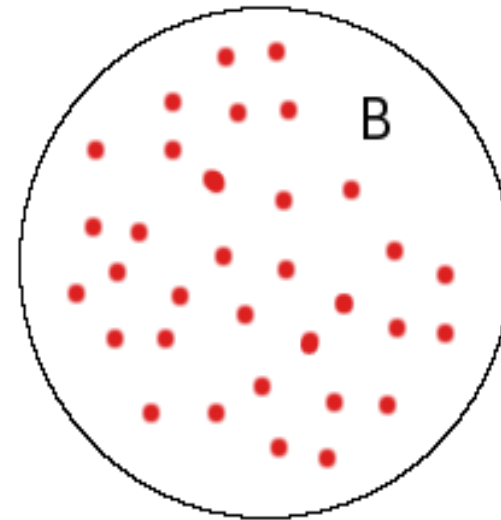
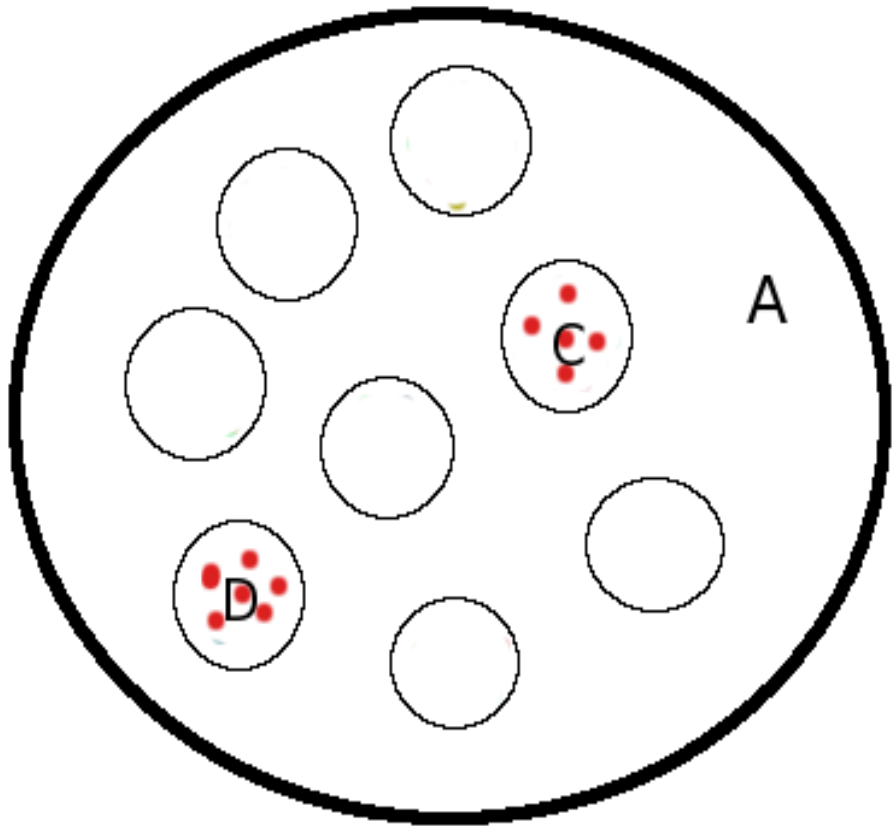
B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I =
States divided based upon
language

In Practice:



A = Country

B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I =
States divided based upon
language



A = Country 1

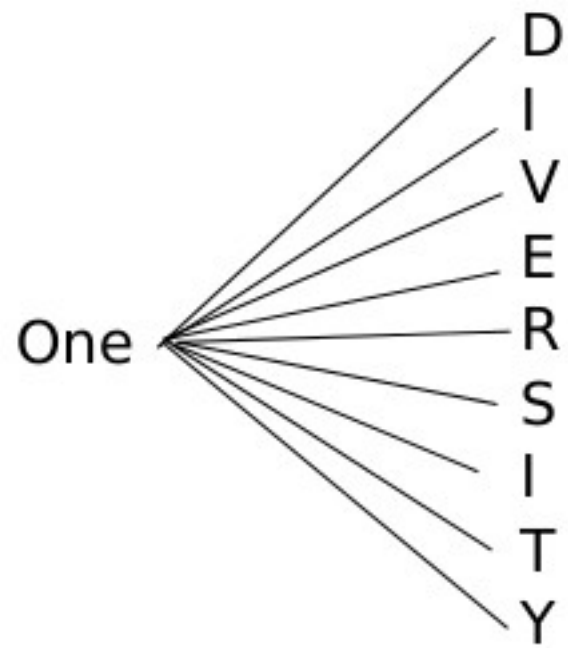
B = Country 2

B, C, D = Individual Geographical locations speaking the same language

Complexities

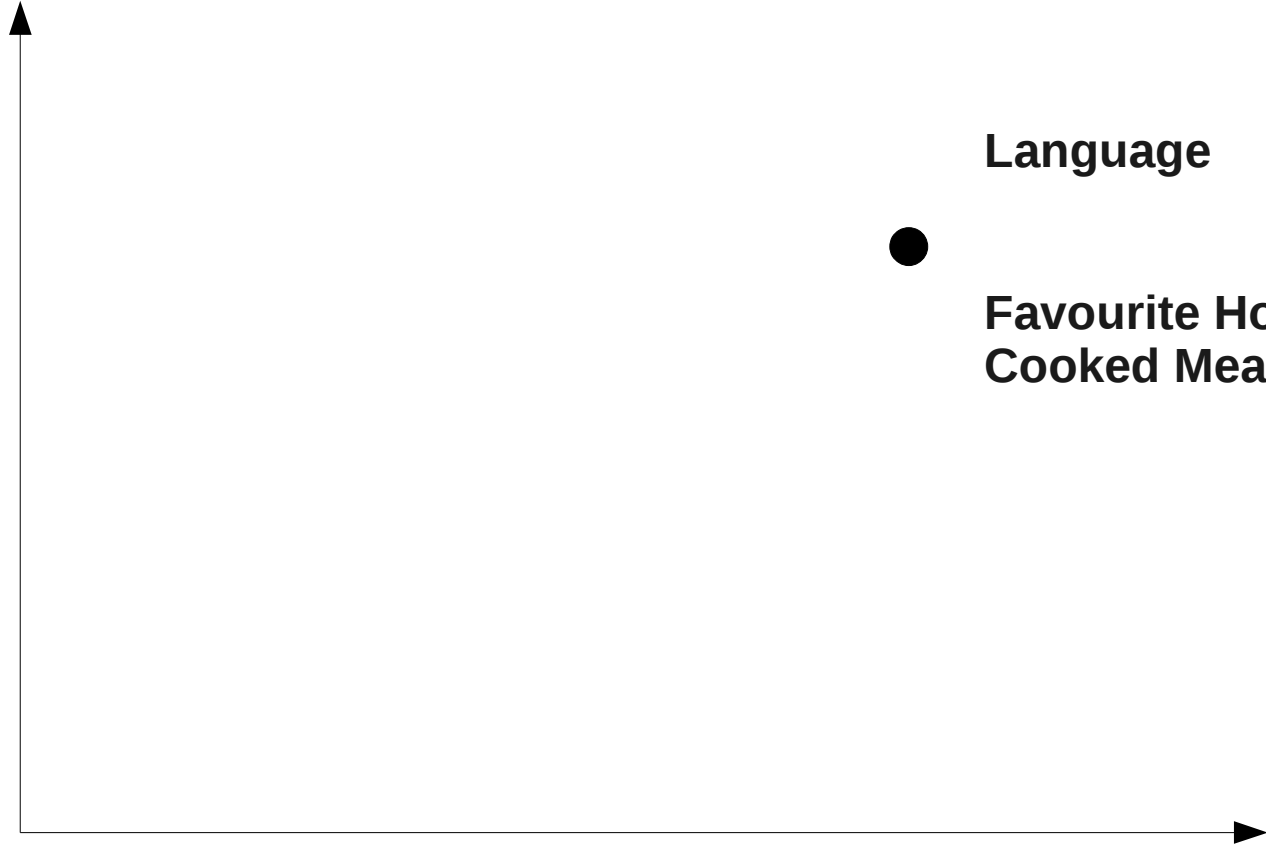
Desktop
Applications
Ticket
Kiosks
ATMS

Mobile
Phones
Tablets
GPRS
Devices



S T N D I S
O A R A D
A I N T

People



Language

**Favourite Home
Cooked Meal**

Matters of Habit

Proverb 1:

do do kos mein zuban badal jaati hain

i.e. the dialect in this land changes in every 2 kos (about 25 miles)

Proverb 2:

ek desher buli onyo desher gaali

i.e. harmless words in one language maybe offensive when used in another language

ONE SIZE FITS ALL SOLUTION

~~ONE SIZE FITS ALL SOLUTION~~

National
Identity
Legal
Documents
Defence
Details

Census
Reports
Govt
Reports

TERMINOLOGY -> IDEAL?

TERMINOLOGY -> ~~IDEAL?~~

SUITED TO QUICKLY CHANGE

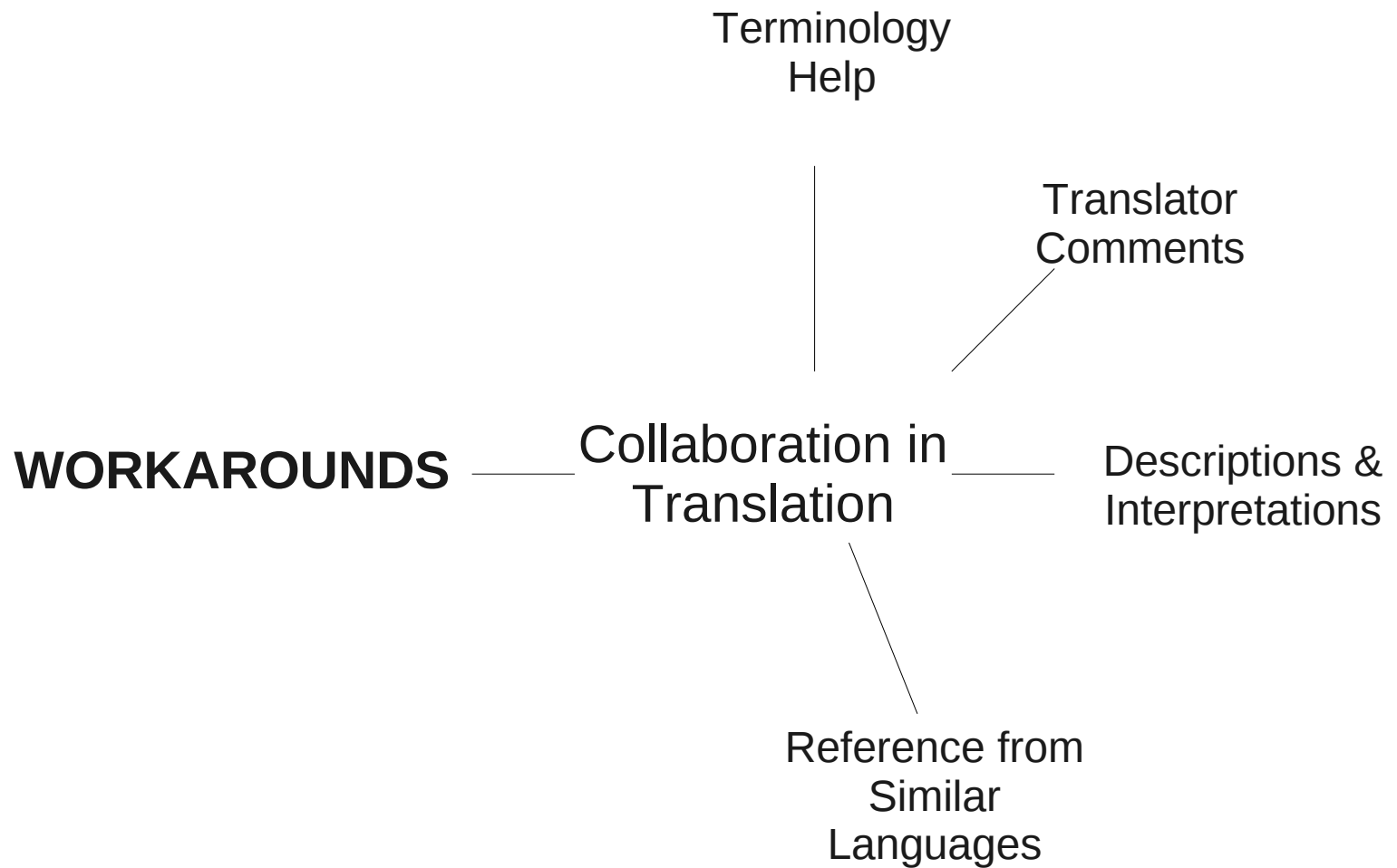
TAKA – টাকা - Bengali word for currency

INDIA – INDIAN CURRENCY RUPEE (in Bengali speaking areas), Symbol ₹

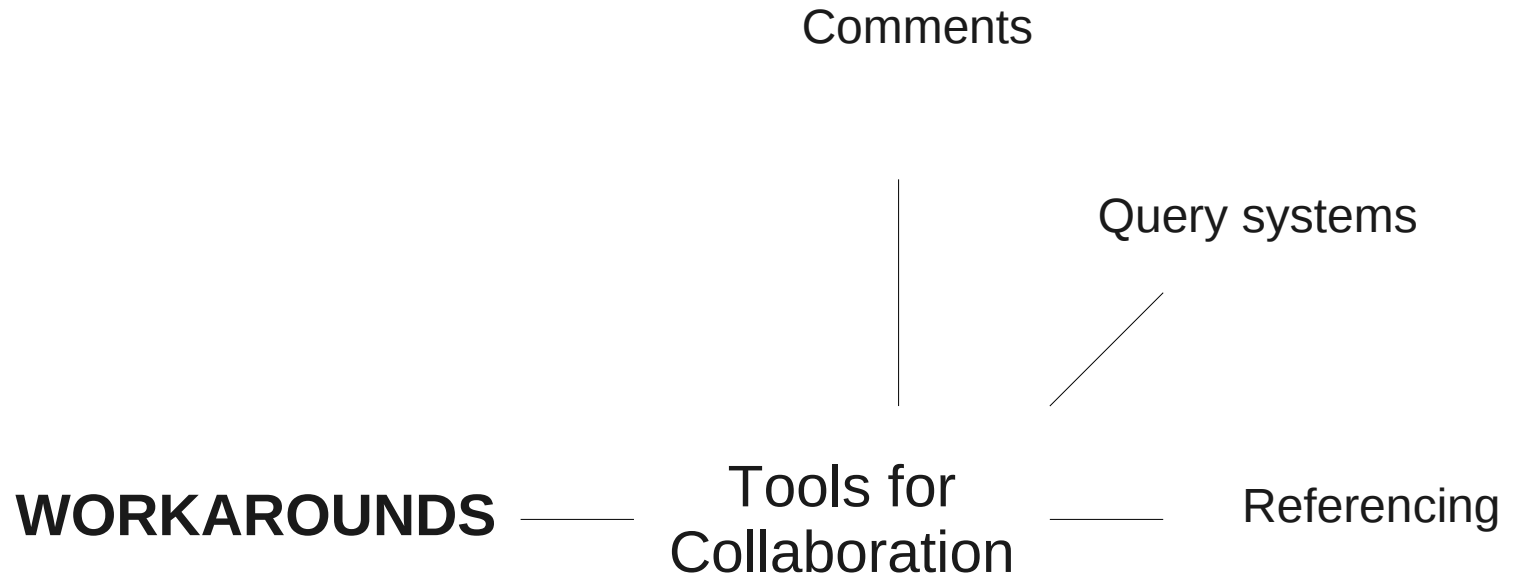
BANGLADESH – BANGLADESHI CURRENCY TAKA,
Symbol ট

Non multi-cultural Geopolitical boundary

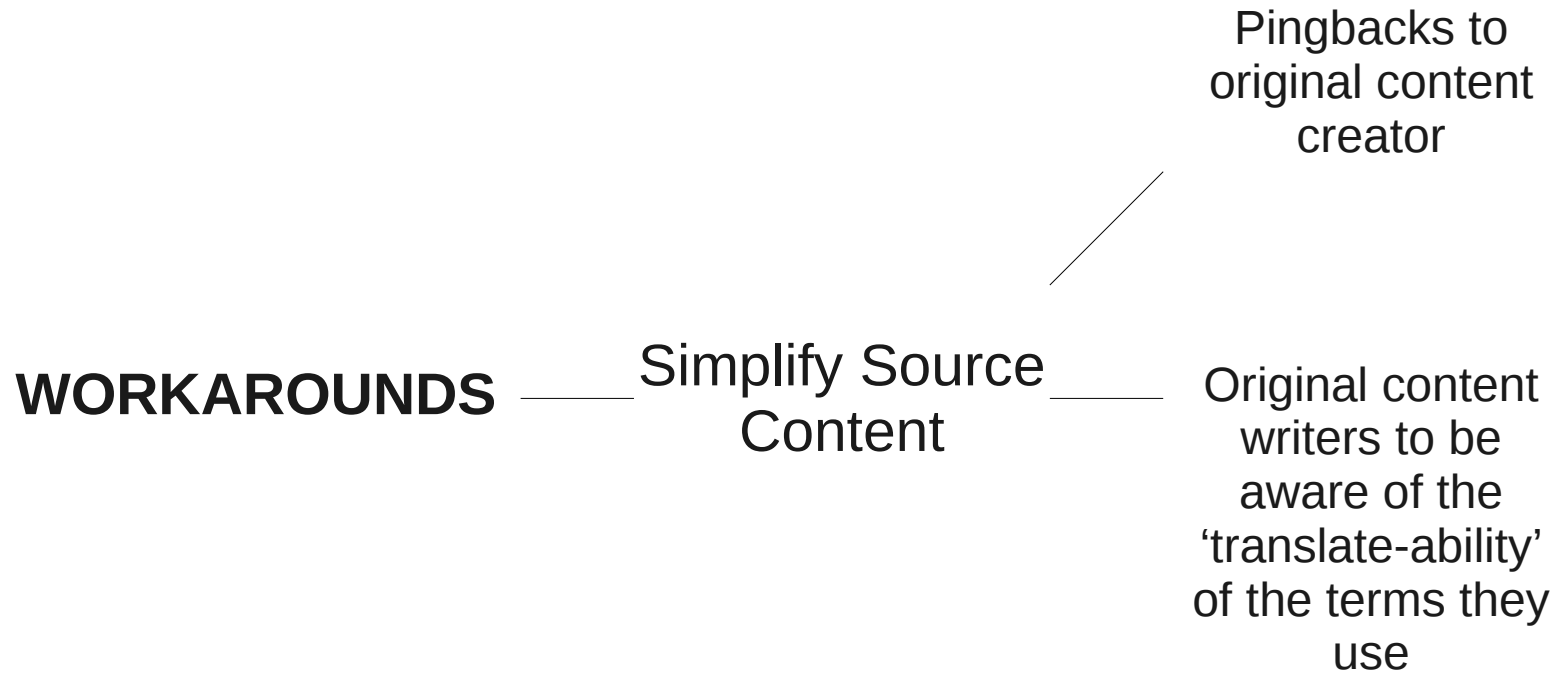
~~**HOMEGENEOUS TERMINOLOGY**~~



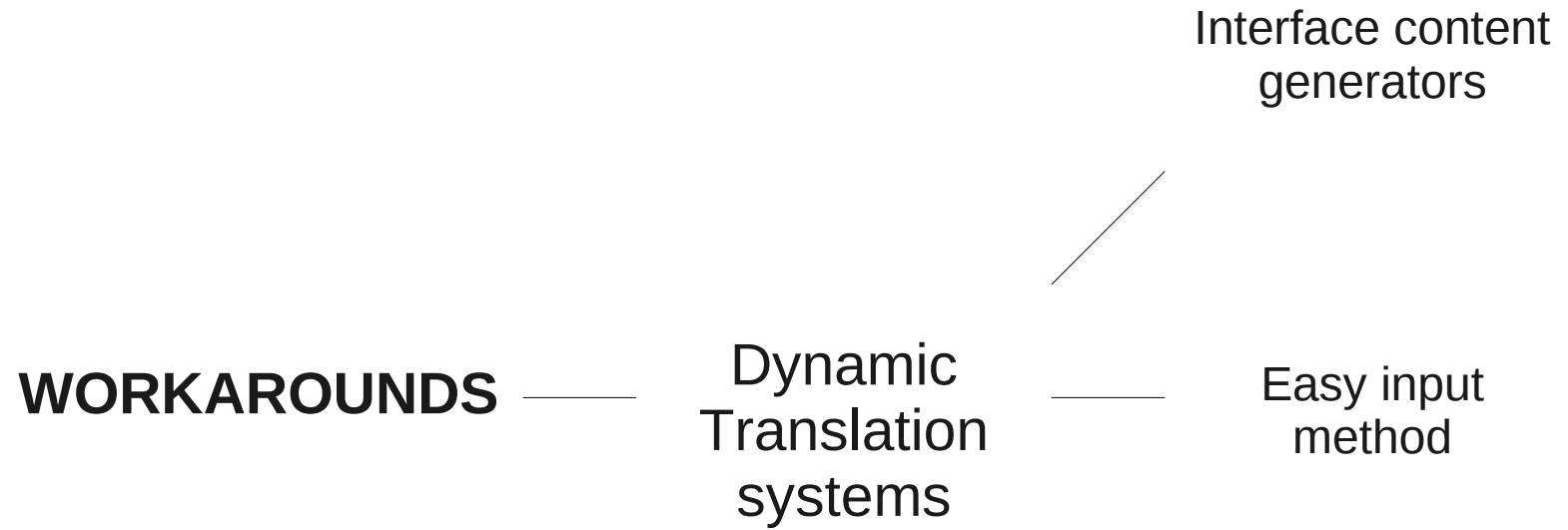
Take aways: *Ready reckoners without redoing research*



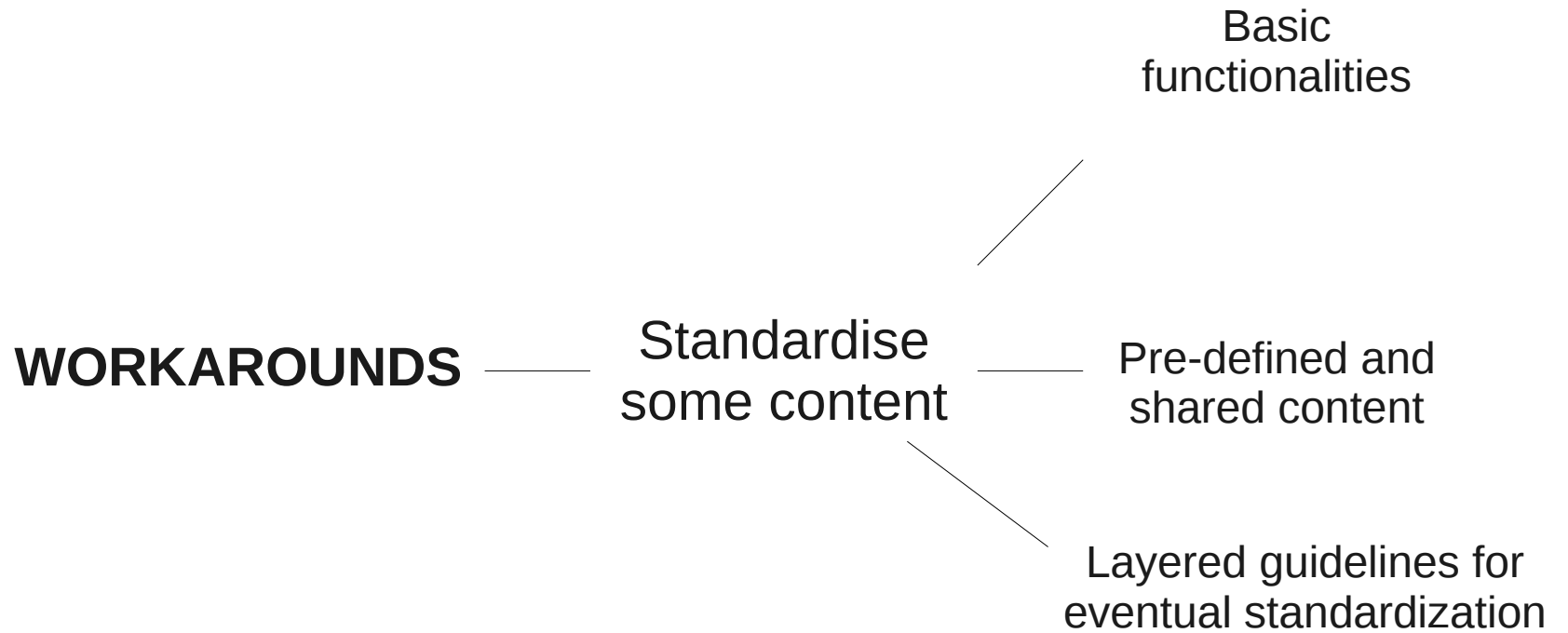
Take aways: *Cross-referencing tools*



Take away: *Functional Content*



Take away: *Requirement dependent scaling*

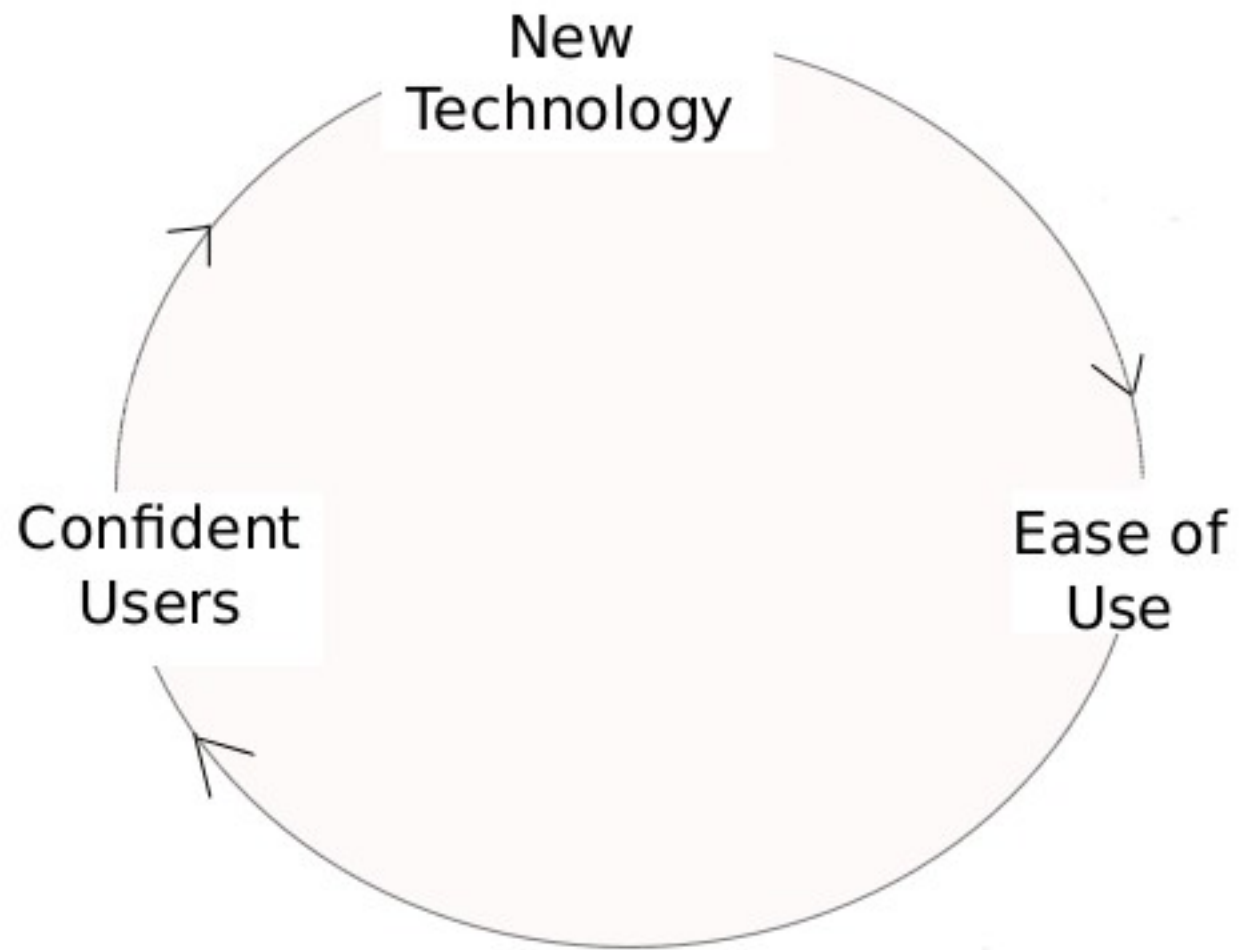


Take away: *Preserve and use defined content*



Take away: *If it has been done before, it can be done again*

Conclusion



my questions:

1. Has a one language environment helped in Localization?
2. How did you work on achieving standardized localized content?

.... discussions

Jellyfish photo credit:

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/mfajardo/399908384/>

my questions:

1. Has a one language environment helped in Localization?
2. How did you work on achieving standardized localized content?